1 The undersigned notes that the Petitioner filed three Petitions to Enforce Internal Revenue Service Summons which were then filed as three separate suits. In addition to United States of America v. James De Koker (C 10-5025), suits were filed under United States of America v. Maria De Koker (C 10-5025) and United States of America v. James De Koker, as President of Country Tractor & Garden, Inc. (C 10-5026). The undersigned is filing a Certification in each of the three cases with the substance of each Certification being the same. For purposes of the certification, the Magistrate Judge certifies the following facts: On October 26, 22010 the United States filed a Petition to Enforce Internal Revenue Service Summons. ECF No. 1. Judge Settle signed the Order of Enforcement of Summons on January 6, 2011 (ECF No. 8) which directed Maria De Koker, Respondent, to appear before investigating Revenue Agent Sandy Bowman, or any other proper agent, officer, or employee of the Internal Revenue Service, not later than twenty (20) workdays following the entry of the The Respondent had until February 4, 2011 to comply with the Court's order. Order. The Respondent appeared before Revenue Agent Bowman on February 7, 2011 but did not produce documents in compliance with the Internal Revenue Service summons or provide any testimony. ECF No. 10-1 (Declaration of Sandy Bowman). When the Respondent appeared she and her husband, James De Koker, had with them a box that was taped shut with duct tape. James De Koker told Revenue Agent Bowman that the box contained records. Because it was duct taped shut Revenue Agent Bowman asked James De Koker to open it and he refused. James De Koker told the Revenue Agent that the box was duct taped shut so that the "box would not open and spill out the records." ECF No. 14, p. 8. (Affidavit of Fact by James De Koker). Revenue Agent Bowman refused to accept the taped box and it remains in the possession of the Respondent and her husband, James De Koker. In response to the Court's inquiry at the hearing held on April 27, 2011, the Respondent and James De Koker provided the same reason as to why

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the box was taped with duct tape. The undersigned pointed out that there are boxes available that have covers which would prevent records from spilling out and that there are envelopes available that can easily be sealed that would prevent records from spilling out and the undersigned again inquired as to why the box was sealed with duct tape. Neither the Respondent nor James De Koker could give a reason. The Court finds that the box was not taped shut to keep records from spilling out but rather as a defiant act in response to the subpoena.

The undersigned finds that Revenue Agent Bowman was justified in not accepting the box that was duct taped shut. The Agent had no knowledge as to what was in it, there could have been something harmful in the box and coupled with the fact that the Respondent refused to open it himself the Agent had legitimate concerns for her safety. The undersigned concludes that Agent Bowman's decision to not take possession of the box was reasonable in light of the facts, or lack of facts, then known to her.

The Petitioner filed a Motion for Order to Show Cause Regarding Contempt of Court (ECF No. 12) and the undersigned signed an Order Requiring Respondent to Show Cause Regarding Contempt of Court on March 30, 2011 and scheduled the hearing for April 27, 2011 at 10:00 a.m. ECF No. 13. The Respondent appeared at the hearing. The Respondent did not have the taped box with her at the show cause hearing nor did she have any of the records listed in the Summons with her at the hearing. The Petitioner was represented by AUSA Brouillard at the hearing.

Prior to the hearing, the Respondent filed a Petition for Order in the Nature of a Writ Quo Warranto (ECF No. 15) and a Motion to Dismiss for Insufficiency of Process and for Failure to State a Claim Upon Which Relief Can Be Granted. ECF No. 16. The Petitioner did not file anything in opposition to the two documents filed by the Respondent.

At the hearing on April 27, 2011 the undersigned heard argument from the Respondent in support of the two motions he filed.

The Motion to Dismiss (ECF No. 16) is based on the premise that the Petitioner must institute any proceeding against the Respondent by following the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure to include filing a complaint (as opposed to a petition) and service of a summons and complaint on the Respondent. The Respondent argues that failure to do so results in the court lacking jurisdiction and the case should therefore be dismissed for insufficiency of process and failure to state a claim. The Court finds this argument to be frivolous. 26 U.S.C. § 7402(b) and 7604(a) provide that enforcement shall be "by appropriate process." "Appropriate process" required by these two sections is met when the Respondent is afforded an "adversary hearing." *United States of America v. Ruggeiro*, 300 F. Supp. 968, 972 (9th Cir. 1969). The undersigned finds that the procedure followed by the Petitioner affords the Respondent "appropriate process."

The second motion filed by the Respondent asks the Court "to compel the United States Attorneys to show by what authority they bring this action to enforce an IRS summons in a manner that does not comply with the **Federal Rules of Civil Procedure**, namely **Rules 2**, **3**, **4**, and **17**." ECF No. 14. For the reasons set forth above, the undersigned finds that the cited civil rules do not apply to this proceeding. In addition, AUSA Brouillard, who represents the Petitioner, pointed out that Title 26 of the United States Code sets forth the law. At no time did the Respondent assert that she was not a United States citizen. In fact, James De Koker asserted that he paid taxes until he determined that there was no law that defined him as a taxpayer.

The Respondent asserted no other defenses against the Summons issued by the Petitioner.

At the hearing, the undersigned stated that she would file a Certification for consideration by the District Judge in his determination as to whether the Respondent should be found in civil contempt for her failure to comply with the duly authorized summons. The undersigned further

advised the Respondent that should the judge find her in civil contempt, that she would have the ability to purge herself of that contempt by providing the records that were listed in the Summons. ECF No. 1-2. In addition, the undersigned advised the Respondent that she was scheduling a hearing before Judge Settle, for his consideration as to whether the Respondent should be found in contempt of court, for Monday, May 9, 2011 at 11:00 a.m. and that this Certification would also set forth that scheduling information. The undersigned finds that the Respondent failed to comply with the Summons and has not produced any records in good faith and has not provided appropriate testimony as directed in the Summons. The undersigned recommends that the District Judge conduct a hearing on May 9, 2011 to hear evidence as to the act or conduct complained of and, if it is such as to warrant punishment, punish the Respondent in the same manner and to the same extent as for a contempt committed before a district judge. 28 U.S.C. § 636(e)(6). The Clerk of the Court is directed to mail a copy of this Magistrate Judge Certification to the Respondent, Maria De Koker. DATED this 27th day of April, 2011. United States Magistrate Judge

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